of the Medicare or Medicaid programs, without a request.

[50 FR 15358, Apr. 17, 1985, as amended at 52 FR 37458, Oct. 7, 1987. Redesignated at 64 FR 66279, Nov. 24, 1999]

§ 480.138 Disclosure for other specified purposes.

- (a) General requirements for disclosure. Except as specified in paragraph (b) of this section, the following provisions are required of the PRO.
- (1) Disclosure to licensing and certification bodies. (i) A PRO must disclose confidential information upon request, to State or Federal licensing bodies responsible for the professional licensure of a practitioner or a particular institution. Confidential information, including PRO medical necessity determinations that display the practice or performance patterns of that practitioner, must be disclosed by the PRO but only to the extent that it is required by the agency to carry out a function within the jurisdiction of the agency under Federal or State law.
- (ii) A PRO may provide the information specified in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section to the State or Federal licensing body without request.
- (2) Disclosure to State and local public health officials. A PRO must disclose PRO information to State and local public health officials whenever the PRO determines that the disclosure of the information is necessary to protect against a substantial risk to the public health.
- (3) Disclosure to the courts. Patient identified records in the possession of a PRO are not subject to subpoena or discovery in a civil action, including an administrative, judicial or arbitration proceeding.
- (b) Exceptions. (1) The restriction set forth in paragraph (a)(3) of this section does not apply to HHS, including Inspector General, administrative subpoenas issued in the course of audits and investigations of Department programs, in the course of administrative hearings held under the Social Security Act or to disclosures to the General Accounting Office as necessary to carry out its statutory responsibilities.
- (2) A PRO must disclose information regarding PRO deliberations and qual-

ity review study information only as specified in §§ 476.139(a) and 476.140.

[50 FR 15359, Apr. 17, 1985; 50 FR 41887, Oct. 16, 1985. Redesignated at 64 FR 66279, Nov. 24, 1999]

§ 480.139 Disclosure of PRO deliberations and decisions.

- (a) *PRO deliberations*. (1) A PRO must not disclose its deliberations except to—
- (i) HCFA, at the PRO office or at a subcontracted organization;
- (ii) HCFA, to the extent that the deliberations are incorporated in sanction and appeals reports; or
- (iii) The Office of the Inspector General, and the General Accounting Office as necessary to carry out statutory responsibilities.
- (2) PRO deliberations are not disclosable, either in written form or through oral testimony, in connection with the administrative hearing or review of a beneficiary's claim.
- (b) Reasons for PRO decisions. (1) A PRO may disclose to those who have access to PRO information under other provisions of this subpart, the reasons for PRO decisions pertaining to that information provided that the opinions or judgements of a particular individual or practitioner cannot be identified.
- (2) A PRO must disclose, if requested in connection with the administrative hearing or review of a beneficiary's claim, the reasons for PRO decisions. The PRO must include the detailed facts, findings and conclusions supporting the PRO's determination. The PRO must insure that the opinions or judgements of a particular individual or practitioner cannot be identified through the materials that are disclosed.

§ 480.140 Disclosure of quality review study information.

- (a) A PRO must disclose, onsite, quality review study information with identifiers of patients, practitioners or institutions to—
- (1) Representatives of authorized licensure, accreditation or certification agencies as is required by the agencies in carrying out functions which are within the jurisdiction of such agencies under state law; to federal and state